

Words To Know

Unit 12

Aggressive Driving – Occurs when a driver operates a vehicle in a pushy or bold manner, without regard for others safety.

Epic Aggression – A type of aggressive driving in which the driver cuts off, blocks, chases, fights, or shoots another driver.

Fatigue – Physical or mental weariness that can be caused by strain, repetitive tasks, illness or lack of sleep.

Quiet Aggression – A type of aggressive driving in which the driver complains, rushes, competes or resists with another driver.

Road Rage – Occurs when a driver uses the vehicle or some other weapon to threaten or cause harm to another roadway user in response to a traffic incident with the intent to harm others.

“Rush-in” Area – A degree of aggressive driving in which the driver rushes constantly, lane jumps, believes others are in his/her way, ignores road signs and regulations, and drives with distraction.

“Total Aggression” Area – A degree of aggressive driving in which the driver constantly ridicules and criticizes other drivers to self or passengers, closes a gap to deny entry into lane, gives a “look” to show disapproval, speeds past another car, tailgates, fantasizes about physical violence, honks, yells or makes visible insulting gestures.

Verbal Aggression – A type of aggressive driving in which the driver yells, cusses, stares, honks or insults another driver.

“Violence” Area – A degree of aggressive driving in which the driver carries a weapon, just in case, deliberately bumps or rams another vehicle, tries to run a car off the road, gets out of the car and hits someone, tries to run someone down, shoots at another car or thoughts of killing someone.